In the United States Court of Federal Claims office of special masters

(Filed: March 25, 2021)

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VICTORIA TREVISAN,	* UNPUBLISHED
	*
Petitioner,	* No. 19-880V
	 * Special Master Dorsey
v.	*
	* Attorneys' Fees and Costs
SECRETARY OF HEALTH	*
AND HUMAN SERVICES,	*
	*
Respondent.	*
	*
* * * * * * * * * * * * *	*

<u>Andrew D. Downing</u>, Van Cott & Talamante, PLLC, Phoenix, AZ, for petitioner. <u>Alexis B. Babcock</u>, United States Department of Justice, Washington, DC, for respondent.

DECISION ON ATTORNEYS' FEES AND COSTS¹

On June 17, 2019, Victoria Trevisan ("petitioner") filed a petition for compensation under the National Vaccine Injury Compensation Program ("Vaccine Program")² alleging that as a result of the human papillomavirus ("HPV") vaccinations administered on July 12, 2016, she suffered from "Mononucleosis, Postural Orthostatic Tachycardia Syndrome, Fibromyalgia, Chronic Fatigue Syndrome/Myalgic Encephalomyelitis, Anxiety and Panic Disorder, Gastroparesis, Vitamin D Deficiency Hashimoto's Disease, Lyme Disease, Ulcerative Colitis and Mast Cell Activation Syndrome." Petition at 1 (ECF No. 1). On September 9, 2020, petitioner filed an amended petition, maintaining that petitioner's "injuries of Postural"

¹ This decision will be posted on the website of the United States Court of Federal Claims' website, in accordance with the E-Government Act of 2002. 44 U.S.C. § 3501 note (2012). **This means the Decision will be available to anyone with access to the internet.** As provided by 44 U.S.C. § 300aa-12(d)(4)B), however, the parties may object to the published Decision's inclusion of certain kinds of confidential information. Specifically, Under Vaccine Rule 18(b), each party has 14 days within which to request redaction "of any information furnished by that party: (1) that is a trade secret or commercial or financial in substance and is privileged or confidential; or (2) that includes medical filed or similar files, the disclosure of which would constitute a clearly unwarranted invasion of privacy." Vaccine Rule 18(b). Otherwise the whole decision will be available to the public in its current form. <u>Id</u>.

² The National Vaccine Injury Compensation Program is set forth in Part 2 of the National Childhood Vaccine Injury Act of 1986, Pub. L. No. 99-660, 100 Stat. 3755, codified as amended, 42 U.S.C. §§ 300aa-1 to -34 (2012) ("Vaccine Act" or "the Act). All citations in this decision to individual sections of the Vaccine Act are to 42 U.S.C. §§ 300aa.

Orthostatic Tachycardia Syndrome, Fibromyalgia, CFS/ME, Hashimoto's, Ulcerative Colitis, Anxiety and Panic Disorder, Gastroparesis, and MCAS were caused-in-fact by the third [HPV] vaccination received on July 12, 2016." Amended ("Am.") Petition at 5 (ECF No. 44). On November 18, 2020, petitioner moved for a decision dismissing her case. On November 25, 2020, the undersigned issued her decision dismissing petitioner's case. (ECF No. 57).

On December 2, 2020, petitioner filed an application for attorneys' fees and costs. Motion for Attorney Fees and Costs (ECF No. 61). Petitioner requests compensation in the amount of \$24,313.75, representing \$19,305.50 in attorneys' fees and \$5,008.25 in attorneys' costs. Fees App. at 3. Pursuant to General Order No. 9, petitioner states she has not incurred any costs related to the prosecution of her petition. Fees App. at 5. Respondent filed his response on December 14, 2020, stating that "[s]hould the Special Master be satisfied that the reasonable basis and fee award standards are met in this case, respondent respectfully recommends that the Special Master exercise her discretion and determine a reasonable award for attorneys' fees and costs." Response at 4 (ECF No. 62). Petitioner did not file a reply thereafter. The matter is now ripe for disposition.

For the reasons discussed below, the undersigned GRANTS petitioner's motion and awards a total of \$23,913.75.

I. Discussion

Under the Vaccine Act, the special master shall award reasonable attorneys' fees and costs for any petition that results in an award of compensation. 42 U.S.C. § 300aa-15(e)(1). When compensation is not awarded, the special master "may" award reasonable attorneys' fees and costs "if the special master or court determines that the petition was brought in good faith and there was a reasonable basis for the claim for which the petition was brought." Id. at §15(e)(1). In this case, although the petition was eventually dismissed, the undersigned finds that it was filed in good faith, and reasonable basis existed throughout the matter. Respondent also has not challenged the reasonable basis of this case. Accordingly, petitioner is entitled to a final award of reasonable attorneys' fees and costs.

a. Reasonable Attorneys' Fees

The Federal Circuit has approved use of the lodestar approach to determine reasonable attorney's fees and costs under the Vaccine Act. Avera v. Sec'y of Health & Human Servs., 515 F.3d 1343, 1349 (Fed. Cir. 2008). Using the lodestar approach, a court first determines "an initial estimate of a reasonable attorney's fee by 'multiplying the number of hours reasonably expended on the litigation times a reasonable hourly rate." Id. at 1347-58 (quoting Blum v. Stenson, 465 U.S. 886, 888 (1984)). Then, the court may make an upward or downward departure from the initial calculation of the fee award based on other specific findings. Id. at 1348.

Counsel must submit fee requests that include contemporaneous and specific billing records indicating the service performed, the number of hours expended on the service, and the name of the person performing the service. See Savin v. Sec'y of Health and Human Servs., 85

Fed. Cl. 313, 316-18 (2008). Counsel should not include in their fee requests hours that are "excessive, redundant, or otherwise unnecessary." <u>Saxton v. Sec'y of Health and Human Servs.</u>, 3 F.3d 1517, 1521 (Fed. Cir. 1993) (quoting <u>Hensley v. Eckerhart</u>, 461 U.S. 424, 434 (1983)). It is "well within the special master's discretion to reduce the hours to a number that, in [her] experience and judgment, [is] reasonable for the work done." <u>Id.</u> at 1522. Furthermore, the special master may reduce a fee request <u>sua sponte</u>, apart from objections raised by respondent and without providing a petitioner notice and opportunity to respond. <u>See Sabella v. Sec'y of Health & Human Servs.</u>, 86 Fed. Cl. 201, 209 (2009).

A special master need not engage in a line-by-line analysis of a petitioner's fee application when reducing fees. Broekelschen v. Sec'y of Health & Human Servs., 102 Fed. Cl. 719, 729 (2011). Special masters may rely on their experience with the Vaccine Program and its attorneys to determine the reasonable number of hours expended. Wasson v. Sec'y of Health and Human Servs., 24 Cl. Ct. 482, 484 (Fed. Cl. Nov. 19, 1991) rev'd on other grounds and aff'd in relevant part, 988 F. 2d 131 (Fed. Cir. 1993). Just as "[t]rial courts routinely use their prior experience to reduce hourly rates and the number of hours clamed in attorney fee requests ... [v]accine program special masters are also entitled to use their prior experience in reviewing fee application." Saxton, 3 F. 3d at 1521.

i. Reasonable Hourly Rates

Petitioner requests the following rates of compensation for her attorney, Mr. Andrew Downing at the rate of \$385 per hour for work performed in 2020. This rate is consistent with what Mr. Downing has previously been awarded for his Vaccine Program work, and the undersigned finds it to be reasonable herein.

ii. Reasonable Hours Expended

In reducing an award of fees, the goal is to achieve rough justice, and therefore a special master may take into account their overall sense of a case and may use estimates when reducing an award. See Florence v. Sec'y of Health & Human Servs., No. 15-255V, 2016 WL 6459592, at *5 (Fed. Cl. Spec. Mstr. Oct. 6, 2016) (citing Fox v. Vice, 563 U.S. 826, 838 (2011). It is well established that an application for fees and costs must sufficiently detail and explain the time billed so that a special master may determine, from the application and the case file, whether the amount requested is reasonable. Bell v. Sec'y of Health & Human Servs., 18 Cl. Ct. 751, 760 (1989); Rodriguez, 2009 WL 2568468. Petitioner bears the burden of documenting the fees and costs claimed. Id. at *8.

Upon review of the submitted billing records, the undersigned finds the majority of the time billed to be reasonable. The timesheet entries are sufficiently detailed for an assessment to be made of the entries' reasonableness. However, a small reduction is necessary due to excessive paralegal time billed. Paralegals billed time on administrative tasks such as preparing and filing documents. Paralegal time was also excessive for preparation of routine filings, such as notices of filing documents. These issues have previously been raised with the Van Cott & Talamante firm. Sheridan v. Sec'y of Health & Human Servs., No. 17-669V, 2019 WL 948371, at *2-3

(Fed. Cl. Spec. Mstr. Jan. 31, 2019); Moran v. Sec'y of Health & Human Servs., No. 16-538V, 2019 WL 1556701, at *4 (Fed. Cl. Spec. Mstr. Jan. 23, 2019). Therefore, a reasonable reduction of \$400.00 is being made for excessive billing for paralegal time.

b. Attorneys' Costs

Petitioner requests a total of \$5,008.25 in attorneys' costs. This amount is comprised of postage and work performed by petitioner's expert, Dr. Mitchell Miglis. Petitioner has provided adequate documentation supported these costs, and all appear reasonable in the undersigned's experience. Petitioner is therefore awarded the full amount of costs sought.

II. Conclusion

Based on all of the above, the undersigned finds that it is reasonable compensate petitioner and her counsel as follows:

Attorneys' Fees Requested	\$19,305.50	
(Total Reduction from Billing Hours)	- (\$400.00)	
Total Attorneys' Fees Awarded	\$18,905.50	
Attorneys' Costs Requested	\$5,008.25	
(Reduction of Costs)	-	
Total Attorneys' Costs Awarded	\$5,008.25	
Total Attorneys' Fees and Costs Awarded	\$23,913.75	

Accordingly, the undersigned awards a lump sum in the amount of \$23,913.75, representing attorneys' fees and costs, in the form of a check payable jointly to petitioner and her counsel, Mr. Andrew D. Downing.

In the absence of a motion for review filed pursuant to RCFC Appendix B, the Clerk of Court **SHALL ENTER JUDGMENT** in accordance with this decision.³

IT IS SO ORDERED.

s/Nora Beth Dorsey
Nora Beth Dorsey
Special Master

³ Pursuant to Vaccine Rule 11(a), entry of judgment can be expedited by the parties' joint filing of notice renouncing the right to seek review.